

# Initial proposals for new Parliamentary constituency boundaries in the **London** region



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# Summary

## Who we are and what we do

The Boundary Commission for England (BCE) is an independent and impartial non-departmental public body, which is responsible for reviewing Parliamentary constituency boundaries in England.

## The 2023 Review

We have the task of periodically reviewing the boundaries of all the Parliamentary constituencies in England. We are currently conducting a review on the basis of legislative rules most recently updated by Parliament in 2020. Those rules tell us that we must make recommendations for new Parliamentary constituency boundaries by 1 July 2023. While retaining the overall number of constituencies across the UK at 650, the rules apply a distribution formula that results in an increase in the number of constituencies in England (from 533 to 543). The rules also require that every recommended constituency across the UK – apart from five specified exceptions (two of them in England) – must have an electorate that is no smaller than 69,724 and no larger than 77,062.

## Initial proposals

We published our initial proposals for the new Parliamentary constituency boundaries in England on 8 June 2021. Information about the proposed constituencies is now available on our website at [www.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk](http://www.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk)

## What is changing in the London region?

The London region (hereafter referred to as London) has been allocated 75 constituencies – an increase of two from the current number.

Our proposals leave two of the 73 existing constituencies wholly unchanged, and ten unchanged except to realign constituency boundaries with new or prospective local government ward boundaries.

As it has not always been possible to allocate whole numbers of constituencies to individual London boroughs, we have grouped them into sub-regions. The number of constituencies allocated to each sub-region is determined by the combined electorate of the component boroughs.

Sub-region	Existing allocation	Proposed allocation
North East London <sup>1</sup>	9	9
Newham and Tower Hamlets	4	5
North Central and North West London <sup>2</sup>	32	32
South Central and South West London <sup>3</sup>	20*	21
South East London <sup>4</sup>	8*	8

\*The existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency is divided between our proposed South Central and South West London, and South East London sub-regions. It has been counted in the South Central and South West sub-region.

Of the existing constituencies, we propose retaining Walthamstow (in the borough of Waltham Forest) and Tooting (in the borough of Wandsworth) wholly unchanged.

Significant change is required, however, throughout most of London in order to comply with the permitted electorate range. Consequently, it has been necessary to propose 31 constituencies that cross London borough boundaries. However, none of these contain parts of more than two London boroughs.

We propose dividing three wards across London in order to produce a practicable arrangement of constituencies: one in the borough of Croydon, one in the borough of Havering, and one in the borough of Wandsworth.

In order to create 75 constituencies wholly within London, we have proposed one constituency (Stratford and Bow) that crosses the River Lee. We have not proposed any constituencies that cross the River Thames.

## How to have your say

We are consulting on our initial proposals for an eight-week period, from 8 June 2021 to 2 August 2021. We encourage everyone to use this opportunity to help us shape the new constituencies – the more responses we receive, the more informed our decisions will be when considering whether to revise our proposals. Our consultation portal at [www.bcereviews.org.uk](http://www.bcereviews.org.uk) has more information about our proposals and how to give us your views on them. You can also follow us on Twitter @BCEReviews or at [facebook.com/BCEReviews](https://facebook.com/BCEReviews).

<sup>1</sup> Comprising the boroughs of Barking and Dagenham, Havering, Redbridge, and Waltham Forest.

<sup>2</sup> Comprising the boroughs of Barnet, Brent, Camden, the City of London, Ealing, Enfield, Hackney, Hammersmith and Fulham, Haringey, Harrow, Hillingdon, Hounslow, Islington, Kensington and Chelsea, Richmond upon Thames (that part which lies on the north side of the River Thames), and Westminster.

<sup>3</sup> Comprising the boroughs of Croydon, Kingston upon Thames, Lambeth, Lewisham, Merton, Richmond upon Thames (that part which lies on the south side of the River Thames), Southwark, Sutton, and Wandsworth.

<sup>4</sup> Comprising the boroughs of Bexley, Bromley, and Greenwich.

# 1 What is the Boundary Commission for England?

- 1 As already mentioned, BCE is an independent and impartial non-departmental public body, which is required to review Parliamentary constituency boundaries in England. We must conduct a review of all the constituencies in England every eight years. Our role is to make recommendations to Parliament for new constituency boundaries.
- 2 The Chair of the Commission is the Speaker of the House of Commons, but by convention he does not participate in the review. The Deputy Chair and two further commissioners take decisions on proposals and recommendations for new constituency boundaries. Further information about the commissioners can be found on our regular website.

You can find further information on our regular website at [www.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk](http://www.boundarycommissionforengland.independent.gov.uk), or on our consultation portal at [www.bcereviews.org.uk](http://www.bcereviews.org.uk). You can also contact us with any general enquiries by emailing [information@boundarycommissionengland.gov.uk](mailto:information@boundarycommissionengland.gov.uk), or by calling 020 7276 1102.

## 2 Background to the 2023 Review

- 3 We are currently conducting a review of Parliamentary constituency boundaries on the basis of rules most recently updated by Parliament in 2020.<sup>5</sup> These rules require us to make more equal the number of electors in each constituency. This report covers only the work of the Boundary Commission for England (there are separate commissions for Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales) and, in particular, introduces our initial proposals for London.
- 4 The legislation states that there will be 650 Parliamentary constituencies covering the UK – the same as the current number. England has been allocated 543 constituencies for the 2023 Review, ten more than there are currently. There are also other rules that the Commission has regard to when conducting the review – a full set of the rules can be found in our Guide to the 2023 Review<sup>6</sup> published in May 2021, but they are also summarised later in this chapter. Most significantly, the rules require every constituency we recommend (with the exception of two covering the Isle of Wight) to contain no fewer than 69,724 electors and no more than 77,062.
- 5 This is a significant change to the old rules under which Parliamentary boundary reviews took place, in which achieving as close to the average number of electors in each constituency was an aim, but there was no statutory fixed minimum and maximum number of electors. This, together with the passage of time since constituencies were last updated (based on data from 2000), means that in England, existing constituencies currently range from 54,551 to 111,716 electors. Achieving a more even distribution of electors in every constituency across England, together with the increase in the total number of constituencies, means that a significant amount of change to the existing map of constituencies is inevitable.
- 6 Our Guide to the 2023 Review contains further detailed background information, and explains all of the policies and procedures that we are following in conducting the review. We encourage anyone wishing to respond to the review to read this document, which will give them a greater understanding of the rules and constraints placed on the Commission, especially if they are intending to comment on our initial proposals and/or make their own counter-proposals.

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<sup>5</sup> The Parliamentary Constituencies Act 2020, available at [www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2020/25/contents](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2020/25/contents)

<sup>6</sup> Available at [www.bcereviews.org.uk](http://www.bcereviews.org.uk) and at all places of deposit.

## The rules in the legislation

- 7 As well as the primary rule that constituencies must have no fewer than 69,724 electors and no more than 77,062, the legislation also states that, when deciding on boundaries, the Commission may take into account:
  - special geographical considerations, including in particular the size, shape and accessibility of a constituency;
  - local government boundaries which existed, or were prospective, on 1 December 2020;
  - boundaries of existing constituencies;
  - any local ties that would be broken by changes in constituencies; and
  - the inconveniences attendant on such changes.
- 8 In relation to local government boundaries in particular, it should be noted that for a given area, where we choose to take account of local government boundaries, if there are prospective boundaries (as at 1 December 2020), it is those, rather than existing boundaries, of which account may be taken. This is a significant change to the former legislation, which referred only to the local government boundaries as they actually existed on the relevant date.
- 9 Our initial proposals for the London region (and the accompanying maps) are therefore based on local government boundaries that existed, or – where relevant – were prospective, on 1 December 2020. Our Guide to the 2023 Review outlines further our policy on how, and to what extent, we take into account local government boundaries. We have used the existing and prospective wards as at 1 December 2020 of unitary authorities, and borough and district councils (in areas where there is also a county council) as the basic building blocks for our proposals.
- 10 In a number of existing constituencies, changes to local government wards since those constituencies were last updated (in 2010) have resulted in the new ward effectively being split, between the constituency the old ward was wholly a part of, and at least one other existing constituency. As part of our proposals, we will by default seek to realign the boundaries of constituencies with up-to-date ward boundaries, thus reuniting wards that are currently divided between existing constituencies. In places where there has been only minor change to a ward, this may see an existing constituency boundary change only very slightly to realign with the new ward. However, where wards in an area have been changed more significantly, this may result in the area covered by the new ward becoming part of a different constituency than the one in which the area was previously.

- 11 Although the 2023 Review of Parliamentary constituencies will inevitably result in significant change, we have also taken into account the boundaries of existing constituencies so far as we can. We have tried to retain existing constituencies as part of our initial proposals wherever possible, as long as the other factors can also be satisfied. This, however, has proved difficult. Our initial proposals retain just under 3%<sup>7</sup> of the existing constituencies in the London region – the remainder are new constituencies (although in a number of cases the changes to the existing constituencies are fairly minor).
- 12 Our proposals are based on the nine English regions as defined in the legislation; a description of the extent of each region also appears in the Guide to the 2023 Review. This report relates to the London region. There are eight other separate reports containing our initial proposals for the other regions. You can find more details in our Guide to the 2023 Review and on our website. While our use of the regions does not prevent anyone from making proposals to us that cross regional boundaries (for example, between London and the South East region), very compelling reasons would need to be given to persuade the Commission to depart from the region-based approach. The Commission has previously consulted on the use of the English regions as discrete areas, and this was strongly supported.

## Timetable for our review

### Stage one – development of initial proposals

- 13 We began this review in January 2021. We published electorate data from 2 March 2020 (the relevant date specified by the legislation) for each local government ward in England, including – where relevant – wards that were prospective on 1 December 2020. The electorate data were provided by local authorities and the Office for National Statistics. These are available on our website and are the data that must be used throughout the remainder of the review process. The Commission has since then considered the statutory factors outlined above and drawn up the initial proposals. We published our initial proposals for consultation for each of England’s nine regions on 8 June 2021.

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<sup>7</sup> This figure excludes constituencies that have been changed only to realign with changed local government boundaries.



- 14 We ask people to be aware that, in publishing our initial proposals, we do so without suggesting that they are in some way definitive, or that they provide the ‘right answer’ – they are our starting point for consulting on the changes. We have taken into account the existing constituencies, local government boundaries and geographical features, to produce a set of constituencies that are within the permitted electorate range and that we consider to be the best balance between those factors at this point. What we do not yet have is sufficient evidence of how our proposals reflect or break local community ties, although we have drawn on evidence of such ties provided in previous reviews. One of the most important purposes of the consultation period is to seek up-to-date evidence that will enable us to test the strength of our initial proposals, and revise them where appropriate.

### **Stage two – consultation on initial proposals**

- 15 We are consulting on our initial proposals for eight weeks, from 8 June 2021 until 2 August 2021. Chapter 4 outlines how you can contribute during the consultation period. Once the consultation has closed, the Commission will collate all the responses received.

### **Stage three – consultation on representations received**

- 16 We are required to publish all the responses we receive on our initial proposals. This publication will mark the start of a six-week ‘secondary consultation’ period, which we currently plan to take place in early 2022. The purpose of the secondary consultation is for people to see what others have said in response to our initial proposals, and to make comments on those views, for example by countering an argument, or by supporting and reinforcing what others have said. You will be able to see all the comments on our website, and use the site to give us your views on what others have said. We will also be hosting between two and five public hearings in each region, where you will be able to give your views directly to one of our assistant commissioners. We will publish the exact number, dates and venues for those hearings nearer the time.

#### **Stage four – development and publication of revised proposals**

- 17 Once we have all the representations and comments from both the initial and secondary consultation periods, the Commission will analyse those representations and decide whether changes should be made to the initial proposals. If we decide that the evidence presented to us persuades us to change our initial proposals, then we must publish our revised proposals for the areas concerned, and consult on them for a further period of four weeks. This is likely to be towards the end of 2022. When we consult on our revised proposals, there will be no further public hearings. You will be able to see all our revised proposals, and give us your views on them, on our website.

#### **Stage five – development and publication of the final report and recommendations**

- 18 Finally, following the consultation on revised proposals, we will consider all the evidence received at this stage, and throughout the review, before determining our final recommendations. The recommendations will be set out in a published report to the Speaker of the House of Commons, who will lay it before Parliament on our behalf, at which time we will also publish the report. The legislation states that we must submit that report to the Speaker by 1 July 2023. Further details about what the Government must then do with our recommendations in order to implement them are contained in our Guide to the 2023 Review.
- 19 Throughout each consultation we will be taking all reasonable steps to publicise our proposals, so that as many people as possible are aware of the consultation and can take the opportunity to contribute to our review of constituencies.

### 3 Initial proposals for the London region

- 20 The London region comprises the 32 London boroughs and the City of London Corporation.<sup>8</sup>
- 21 London currently has 73 constituencies. Of these, only 20 have electorates within the permitted electorate range. The electorates of a further 20 constituencies currently fall below the 5% limit, while the electorates of 33 constituencies are above the 5% limit.
- 22 Our initial proposals for London are for 75 constituencies, an increase of two.
- 23 In seeking to produce 75 constituencies within the permitted electorate range, our first step was to consider whether local authorities could be usefully grouped into sub-regions. We were mindful of seeking to respect, where we could, the external boundaries of London boroughs and geographic boundaries such as the River Thames and the River Lee.
- 24 Our division of London into five sub-regions is a practical approach, enabling us to allocate whole numbers of constituencies to each sub-region with the requisite flexibility to produce an arrangement of constituencies that all fall within the permitted electorate range. We welcome counter-proposals from respondents to our consultation based on other groupings of London boroughs, if the statutory factors can be better reflected in those counter-proposals.
- 25 The North East London sub-region comprises the boroughs of Barking and Dagenham, Havering, Redbridge, and Waltham Forest. These four boroughs have a total electorate of 662,740, resulting in a mathematical entitlement to 9.03 constituencies. We have therefore allocated this sub-region nine constituencies, no change from the current number of constituencies across these four boroughs.
- 26 The Newham and Tower Hamlets sub-region comprises these two boroughs. The combined electorates of Newham and Tower Hamlets, at 368,155, results in a mathematical entitlement to 5.02 constituencies. We have therefore allocated this sub-region five constituencies, an increase of one from the current number of constituencies in this pair of boroughs. When considering the allocation of constituencies across London, we identified that the River Lee would need to be crossed at some point, in order to achieve constituencies within the permitted electorate range. Given the greater number of transport links across the River Lee between the boroughs of Newham and Tower Hamlets than between many other boroughs bordering the Lee, we propose a Stratford and Bow constituency that crosses the Lee between these two boroughs.

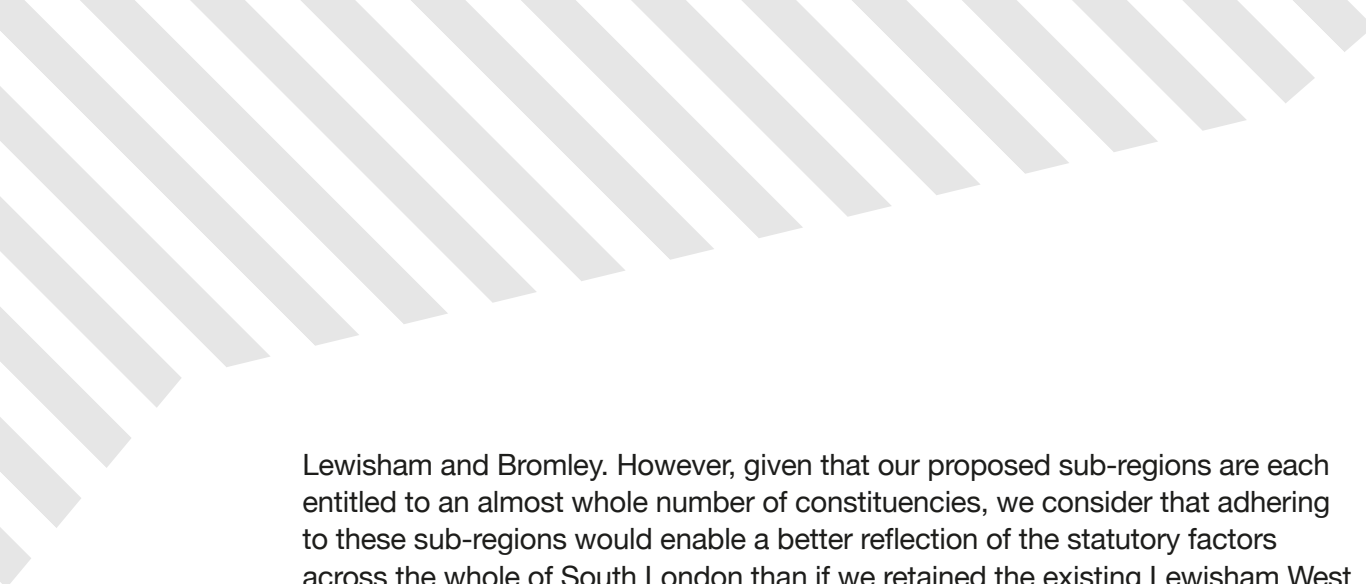
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<sup>8</sup> In the remainder of this document, general references to 'borough' should be taken to include the Corporation, where the context permits, unless expressly stated otherwise.

- 27 The North Central and North West London sub-region consists of the boroughs of Barnet, Brent, Camden, the City of London, Ealing, Enfield, Hackney, Hammersmith and Fulham, Haringey,<sup>9</sup> Harrow, Hillingdon, Hounslow, Islington, Kensington and Chelsea, Richmond upon Thames (that part which lies on the north side of the River Thames), and Westminster. The total electorate of the sub-region, at 2,397,559, results in a mathematical entitlement to 32.66 constituencies. We have allocated the sub-region 32 constituencies,<sup>10</sup> the same number as at present across these parts of London. It is mathematically possible to consider North Central London and North West London sub-regions separately, using the A5 road as a natural boundary. However, a North Central sub-region would require an average constituency size of 76,420 electors – very close to the upper limit of 77,062 – making it difficult in practice to create a configuration of constituencies here without dividing multiple wards between constituencies. Combining North Central and North West London into one sub-region requires an average constituency size of 74,924 electors, thereby allowing for greater flexibility.
- 28 The South Central and South West London sub-region consists of the boroughs of Croydon, Kingston upon Thames, Lambeth, Lewisham, Merton, Richmond upon Thames (that part which lies on the south side of the River Thames), Southwark, Sutton, and Wandsworth. This sub-region has an electorate of 1,538,390, resulting in a mathematical entitlement to 20.95 constituencies. We have therefore allocated 21 constituencies to this sub-region. It is mathematically possible to consider South Central London and South West London sub-regions separately. A South Central sub-region, comprising the boroughs of Croydon, Lambeth, Lewisham, and Southwark, would have an entitlement to 11.85 constituencies; a South West sub-region, comprising the boroughs of Kingston upon Thames, Merton, Richmond upon Thames (South), Sutton, and Wandsworth, would have an entitlement to 9.10 constituencies. These sub-regions could therefore be allocated 12 and nine constituencies respectively. However, our investigations showed that it was difficult to create a practicable scheme of constituencies in a stand-alone South Central sub-region without dividing multiple wards, due to the electorates and configurations of the wards across these four boroughs.
- 29 The South East London sub-region comprises the boroughs of Bexley, Bromley, and Greenwich. These three boroughs have a combined electorate of 583,610 and a mathematical entitlement to 7.96 constituencies, therefore we have allocated eight constituencies to this sub-region. The existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency crosses between our proposed South Central and South West, and South East sub-regions, since it crosses the boundary between the boroughs of

<sup>9</sup> Our initial proposals for the borough of Haringey are based on estimated electorate figures, which have been agreed with the Electoral Registration Officer for Haringey.

<sup>10</sup> The statutory formula for distribution of numbers of constituencies to different parts of the UK (and applied by us equally to the English regions) allocates 75 constituencies to London as a whole, though a simple pro-rata calculation creates a mathematical entitlement to 75.63. North Central and North West London, as a larger sub-region, is the optimal place to accommodate this difference, as it allows more flexibility to still propose constituencies that have electorates within the permitted range.



Lewisham and Bromley. However, given that our proposed sub-regions are each entitled to an almost whole number of constituencies, we consider that adhering to these sub-regions would enable a better reflection of the statutory factors across the whole of South London than if we retained the existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency.

### **Initial proposals for the North East London sub-region**

- 30 There are currently nine constituencies in the North East London sub-region. Our initial proposals are also for nine constituencies. Of the existing constituencies, four have electorates within the permitted electorate range: Dagenham and Rainham, Ilford North, Romford, and Walthamstow. Two have electorates that are below the 5% limit, and three above.
- 31 The existing arrangement of constituencies in the North East sub-region pairs the borough of Barking and Dagenham with Havering, and Redbridge with Waltham Forest. Despite these pairings having mathematical entitlements to 4.13 and 4.90 constituencies respectively, potentially allowing us to allocate them four and five constituencies each, ward sizes negate the possibility of the pairings being retained without dividing wards between constituencies. Thus, these four boroughs are treated as one group of four, rather than two groups of two, and allocated nine constituencies.
- 32 In developing our proposals, we considered whether we could leave unchanged any of the four existing constituencies with electorates within the permitted range. Due to local government ward boundary changes in the South Woodford and Woodford Green areas, the existing Ilford North constituency would have to be reconfigured to reflect the new ward boundaries. Although the existing Dagenham and Rainham, and Romford constituencies could theoretically be left wholly unchanged, the surrounding constituencies of Barking, Hornchurch and Upminster, and Ilford South are all above the 5% limit. Thus Dagenham and Rainham, and Romford would need to be reconfigured in order to accommodate necessary change in these neighbouring constituencies. The existing Walthamstow constituency is left wholly unchanged in our proposals.
- 33 The existing Chingford and Woodford Green, and Leyton and Wanstead constituencies need to be adjusted slightly to realign with the new local government ward boundaries in the South Woodford, Wanstead Park, and Woodford Green areas, and to increase their electorates. Our proposed Leyton and Wanstead constituency therefore includes the South Woodford ward (in which part of the existing constituency is already contained) and our proposed Chingford and Woodford Green constituency additionally includes the Bridge ward from the existing Ilford North constituency. We consider that the inclusion of the Bridge ward would unite the Woodford area, particularly the Woodford Bridge community which, despite lying on the other side of the M11 motorway to the main part of Woodford, is closely connected to Woodford by the A113 road.

- 34 In Redbridge, our proposed Ilford North constituency retains six wards from the existing constituency and extends southwards to include two wards, Cranbrook and Valentines, from the existing Ilford South constituency. It would be possible to include the Chadwell ward (from the existing Ilford South) and the Chadwell Heath ward (from the existing Dagenham and Rainham) rather than Cranbrook and Valentines wards, but we consider that the residential and transport links to the rest of the constituency from Cranbrook and Valentines wards are stronger than from Chadwell and Chadwell Heath wards. Our proposed Ilford South constituency therefore retains all its existing wards besides Cranbrook and Valentines, and extends eastwards to include the Chadwell Heath ward. Despite crossing the borough boundary between Barking and Dagenham, and Redbridge, and resulting in Chadwell Heath being an orphan ward<sup>11</sup> in the proposed Ilford South constituency, we consider that the A12 road and the continuous residential development between Chadwell and Chadwell Heath wards provide practical links.
- 35 The existing Barking constituency has an electorate which is above the permitted electorate range. We propose that the Valence ward is included in the Dagenham and Rainham constituency, to bring the Barking constituency within the permitted electorate range. The proposed Dagenham and Rainham constituency therefore includes Valence ward in place of Chadwell Heath ward.
- 36 In Havering, the existing Hornchurch and Upminster constituency is above the permitted electorate range. We propose that the Emerson Park ward is transferred from the Hornchurch and Upminster constituency to the Romford constituency, noting the clear residential and road links between Emerson Park and Romford. In order to then bring the Romford constituency into the permitted electorate range, we propose dividing Hylands ward between the Hornchurch and Upminster, and Romford constituencies. The three polling districts making up the south-eastern part of the ward are included in our proposed Hornchurch and Upminster constituency, and the two polling districts making up the north-western part of the ward are included in our proposed Romford constituency. We consider that dividing Hylands ward would also present clear advantages in terms of community ties, in that the south-eastern part of the ward, where Hornchurch Sports Centre and Hornchurch High School are located, would be included with the rest of Hornchurch.

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<sup>11</sup> 'Orphan ward' refers to a ward from one local authority, in a constituency where the remaining wards are from at least one other local authority.



- 37 While it is possible to create a pattern of constituencies across the boroughs of Barking and Dagenham, Havering, Redbridge, and Waltham Forest without dividing a ward, such a pattern would result in significantly more change to the existing constituencies and extensive breaking of local ties. Our proposals minimise disruption by requiring none of the existing nine constituencies to be changed by more than three wards. Walthamstow would remain wholly unchanged; Leyton and Wanstead would change only to realign with new ward boundaries; and five of the remaining seven constituencies would change only by one or two wards. We therefore consider that the inconveniences attendant upon dividing a ward would be outweighed by a considerably better overall reflection of the statutory factors across the sub-region.

#### **Initial proposals for the Newham and Tower Hamlets sub-region**

- 38 Newham and Tower Hamlets together have a mathematical entitlement to 5.02 constituencies. This pair of boroughs currently has four constituencies, but significant growth in the number of electors in this area means that all four existing constituencies are considerably above the permitted electorate range, and an additional constituency is allocated to the sub-region. This further supports our proposal for a constituency crossing the River Lee in this sub-region. We propose a Stratford and Bow constituency, which crosses the Lee between the Stratford and New Town ward in Newham, and the Bow East ward and Bromley North ward in Tower Hamlets. We note the significant transport links across the river here, including the A118 road, the Central underground line, the Docklands Light Railway, and national rail services, as well as pedestrian crossing points.
- 39 While there would be a degree of unavoidable disruption caused by the creation of an additional constituency, we have tried to preserve the four existing constituencies in Newham and Tower Hamlets as far as is practicable. Our proposed East Ham constituency retains eight wards from the existing East Ham constituency. The Beckton ward and Royal Docks ward are consequently included in our proposed West Ham and Beckton constituency. In Tower Hamlets, our proposed Poplar and Limehouse constituency retains nine of its existing wards and spans a similar geographical area, from the Isle of Dogs in the south, to Mile End in the north, and the Tower of London in the west. The areas of Bethnal Green, Spitalfields, Stepney, and Whitechapel then comprise our proposed compact constituency of Bethnal Green and Stepney.

#### **Initial Proposals for the North Central and North West London sub-region**

- 40 There are currently 32 constituencies in the North Central and North West London sub-region. Our initial proposals are also for 32 constituencies. Of the existing constituencies, ten have electorates within the permitted electorate range: Ealing Central and Acton; Ealing North; Finchley and Golders Green; Hammersmith; Harrow East; Harrow West; Hayes and Harlington; Islington North; Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner; and Uxbridge and South Ruislip. Nine have electorates that are below the 5% limit, and 13 above.

- 41 We considered whether we could leave unchanged any of the ten existing constituencies with electorates within the permitted range. However, due to prospective local government ward boundary changes in the boroughs of Barnet, Ealing, Hammersmith and Fulham, Harrow, and Hillingdon, all of the aforementioned constituencies besides Ealing Central and Acton, and Islington North, would by necessity have to be reconfigured to reflect the ward boundary changes. We also propose changing the Ealing Central and Acton, and Islington North constituencies to accommodate necessary change to neighbouring constituencies, and to enable the electorates of all our proposed constituencies to fall within the permitted electorate range.
- 42 The existing distribution of constituencies across the North Central and North West sub-region means that the boroughs of Barnet, Ealing, Enfield, Hackney, Haringey, Hounslow, Islington, and that part of Richmond upon Thames that lies north of the River Thames, all contain a whole number of constituencies within the borough boundaries. However, due to growth and decline in the electorate size of wards, and the requirement for all our proposed constituencies to be within 5% of the electoral quota, we consider that exactly half of the existing constituencies in this sub-region require significant change, and that it is necessary to cross borough boundaries more frequently than in the existing arrangement.
- 43 In Enfield, the three existing constituencies of Edmonton, Enfield North, and Enfield, Southgate, all have electorates that are below the permitted electorate range. The Edmonton and Enfield North constituencies, however, can be brought into the permitted range by realigning the constituency boundaries with prospective local government ward boundaries across the borough. We therefore propose an Edmonton constituency and an Enfield North constituency that remain largely similar to the existing constituencies. In order for the existing Enfield, Southgate constituency to be within the permitted electorate range, we propose that the constituency extends westwards into Barnet and includes the Brunswick Park and East Barnet wards. There are continuous residential development and numerous road links across the borough boundary here, and we consider that our proposed arrangement would unite the Cockfosters community in a single constituency. We also observe that the railway line running along the western edge of Brunswick Park and East Barnet wards would serve as a natural boundary to the constituency. We propose that this constituency be called Southgate and Barnet East.



- 44 As a result of our proposal to cross from Enfield into Barnet, as outlined above, and given that the existing Chipping Barnet and Hendon constituencies have electorates above the upper limit, we consider that significant change is required in the arrangement of constituencies across the borough of Barnet. We propose a High Barnet and Mill Hill constituency, which includes six wards from the existing Chipping Barnet constituency, and two wards from the existing Hendon constituency (noting prospective local government ward boundary changes in the Mill Hill East and Woodside Park areas). Although our proposed constituency would span a geographically larger area than any of the existing Barnet constituencies, we note that the A5109 road, and Lullington Garth and Frith Lane, serve to join the eastern and western parts of the constituency.
- 45 Our proposed Finchley and Muswell Hill constituency retains five wards from the existing Finchley and Golders Green constituency, and crosses the borough boundary with Haringey to include the three Haringey wards of Fortis Green, Highgate, and Muswell Hill. There are clear road links across the borough boundary, such as the A1, the A504, and the A1000.
- 46 We propose two constituencies that cross the borough boundaries between Barnet and Harrow, and Barnet and Brent, thereby also crossing the A5 road. We acknowledge that the current arrangement of constituencies in the North Central and North West sub-region means that only one existing constituency, Hampstead and Kilburn, substantially spans both sides of the A5 until the borough of Westminster. However, we consider that crossing the A5 in a Barnet–Harrow constituency and a Barnet–Brent constituency would minimise disruption across the sub-region as a whole, and would achieve a better overall reflection of the statutory factors. To that end, we propose a Stanmore and Edgware constituency, comprising six wards from the existing Harrow East constituency and two wards, Burnt Oak and Edgware, from the existing Hendon constituency. We then propose a Hendon and Golders Green constituency, comprising seven wards from the existing Hendon constituency, and the two Brent wards of Kingsbury and Welsh Harp.
- 47 With regard to our proposed Stanmore and Edgware constituency, we note that the town of Edgware itself spans the boroughs of Barnet and Harrow, with continuous residential development across the A5 (which also acts as the borough boundary) and road connections such as the A5100 / B461 into the Canons Park area. With regard to our proposed Hendon and Golders Green constituency, we again note the continuous residential development across the A5 between the Colindale and Queensbury areas. We also observe that the West Hendon ward itself spans both sides of the A5, and that although the Brent Reservoir and Welsh Harp Nature Reserve separate the West Hendon and Kingsbury areas, Cool Oak Lane provides a road link across the reservoir.

- 48 Elsewhere in Brent, our proposed Brent Central constituency is changed by two wards from the existing constituency, in addition to realignment with prospective local government ward boundaries. Our proposed changes decrease the electorate of the existing Brent Central constituency in order to bring it within the permitted electorate range. The existing Brent North constituency, also currently above the upper limit, is reconfigured in our proposals to include two Harrow wards, while retaining only seven of its existing wards. We consider that crossing the boundary with Harrow to include the Kenton East and Kenton West wards would present advantages in bringing the Kenton community (which spans the two boroughs) into a single constituency. We propose calling this constituency Kenton and Wembley West.
- 49 In Harrow, the existing Harrow West constituency is altered in our proposals to align the constituency boundaries with prospective local government ward boundaries in the Pinner and Wealdstone areas. To bring this constituency within the permitted electorate range, we propose that it includes the Wealdstone North ward. Doing so would also unite more of the Wealdstone area in the same constituency. We propose naming this constituency Harrow, since it would cover the central Harrow area, and its compass point would no longer be appropriate, given that we also propose changing the name of the existing Harrow East constituency.
- 50 Due to prospective local government ward boundary changes in the Eastcote, Ickenham, and Pinner areas, the existing Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner constituency, and Uxbridge and South Ruislip constituency, are reconfigured in our proposals to realign with the prospective ward boundaries. The Ickenham & South Harefield ward is included in our proposed Uxbridge and South Ruislip constituency, meaning that the constituency would extend further north than it does at present. However, we note the geographical proximity and main road links from Ickenham to Uxbridge, and Harvil Road linking South Harefield to Ickenham. Other than this change in the Ickenham area, our proposed Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner constituency, and Uxbridge and South Ruislip constituency, are very similar to the existing constituencies.
- 51 Further south in the borough of Hillingdon, we propose that the existing Hayes and Harlington constituency remains unchanged except to realign the constituency boundary with prospective local government ward boundary changes in the Hillingdon Heath, West Drayton, and Westways Farm areas. The geographical extent of the constituency would remain the same. We propose, however, that the constituency be named Hayes and West Drayton, to better reflect the main population centres.

- 52 In Hounslow and that part of Richmond upon Thames that lies north of the River Thames, the electorates of the three existing constituencies are all above the permitted electorate range. To bring the Twickenham constituency and the Feltham and Heston constituency within the permitted range, we propose reducing them in size by one ward each. Our proposed Twickenham constituency therefore includes all of its existing wards except the Whitton ward, and our proposed Feltham and Heston constituency includes all of its existing wards except the Heston East ward. The Heston East and Whitton wards would consequently be included in our proposed Brentford and Isleworth constituency – which would retain all of its existing wards except the three easternmost wards of Chiswick Gunnersbury, Chiswick Homefields and Chiswick Riverside. These three Chiswick wards would then be grouped with the central portion of the borough of Hammersmith and Fulham, to form a Hammersmith and Chiswick constituency. We consider that our proposed arrangement results in a more compact Brentford and Isleworth constituency. Despite crossing the borough boundary between Hammersmith and Fulham, and Hounslow, our proposed Hammersmith and Chiswick constituency has clear internal links, and we consider that Chiswick has greater accessibility to Hammersmith than to Brentford.
- 53 With a mathematical entitlement to 2.91 constituencies, the borough of Ealing could potentially be allocated three constituencies contained wholly within the borough boundary. However, due to the electorate size and the arrangement of wards in Ealing, this would be difficult to achieve in practice without dividing wards. We also consider it necessary for at least one constituency to cross the boundary of Ealing borough in order to formulate a pattern of 32 constituencies across the North Central and North West sub-region that all have electorates within the permitted range. Our proposed Ealing Central and Acton constituency therefore crosses the borough boundary with Hammersmith and Fulham to include the College Park & Old Oak ward and the Wormholt ward from the northern part of the borough of Hammersmith and Fulham. There are plentiful transport links across the borough boundary here, and East Acton underground station being located in the College Park & Old Oak ward signifies that the East Acton area itself spans the borough boundary.
- 54 Elsewhere in Ealing, the existing Ealing North constituency is unchanged in our proposals except to realign the constituency boundary with prospective local government ward boundaries in the Greenford area. The existing Ealing, Southall constituency currently has an electorate below the permitted range. We therefore propose that the Walpole ward, currently in Ealing Central and Acton, should be included in this constituency to bring it within range. Continuous residential development and the A4020 and B452 roads link Walpole ward with the surrounding Hanwell Broadway and Northfield wards. We propose naming this constituency Southall.

- 55 In the boroughs of Hammersmith and Fulham, and Kensington and Chelsea, the existing Chelsea and Fulham constituency and Kensington constituency both have electorates beneath the permitted electorate range, and therefore require reconfiguring. Given our proposed changes in the central and northern part of Hammersmith and Fulham (namely, the inclusion of two northern Hammersmith wards in the Ealing Central and Acton constituency, and the inclusion of ten central Hammersmith wards in the Hammersmith and Chiswick constituency) we propose a Fulham and Chelsea West constituency. This constituency would extend a little further north than the existing Chelsea and Fulham constituency, but include only the western part of Chelsea. Our proposed Kensington and Westbourne constituency retains 12 wards from the existing Kensington constituency, and crosses into the borough of Westminster at the northernmost part of the borough boundary to include the Harrow Road, Queen's Park, and Westbourne wards. Despite the Grand Union Canal and the railway lines from Paddington station running along or close to the borough boundary here, we consider that road links such as the B412 and A4207 would connect the Kensington part of the constituency to the Westminster part.
- 56 Across the City of London and the borough of Westminster, change is necessary because the existing Cities of London and Westminster constituency and the existing Westminster North constituency both have electorates beneath the 5% limit. The City of London, having an electorate of just 6,304, needs to be paired with a neighbouring borough. We propose to pair the City of London with Islington, to create a City of London and Islington South constituency, which includes all the existing wards from the Islington South and Finsbury constituency. We consider that the City of London has as good transport links north towards Islington as it does west towards Westminster. We recognise that this pattern deviates from the existing pairing of the City of London and Westminster to form a constituency. We welcome representations during the consultation on whether our proposals best reflect community ties, along with any alternative configurations of constituencies. Our proposed Westminster and Chelsea East constituency includes all the Westminster wards from the existing Cities of London and Westminster constituency (taking into account prospective local government ward boundary changes in the Lancaster Gate and Marylebone areas), as well as the Bayswater ward, and two wards from the borough of Kensington and Chelsea: Brompton & Hans Town ward and Royal Hospital ward. We note the numerous road links across the borough boundary here, and we consider that the Belgravia, Brompton, East Chelsea, and Knightsbridge areas share a similar character.

- 57 In the north of the borough of Westminster, we propose a constituency that crosses into the borough of Camden: our proposed Camden Town and St John's Wood constituency extends from Maida Vale in the west, to Camden Town and Regent's Park in the east, and Hampstead Town in the north. The existing Hampstead and Kilburn constituency, which crosses the borough boundary between Brent and Camden, is reconfigured to extend further west and includes the Harlesden & Kensal Green ward, rather than the Belsize ward and the Hampstead Town ward. We propose that this constituency be called West Hampstead and Kilburn. While we acknowledge that our proposed arrangement divides the Hampstead area between two constituencies, we consider a reconfiguration in this area to be necessary in order to produce a practicable scheme of constituencies across the whole sub-region that complies with the permitted electorate range.
- 58 The existing Holborn and St Pancras constituency, which comprises the eastern half of the borough of Camden, has an electorate above the 5% limit. Given that the Camden Town, Gospel Oak, and Haverstock wards currently in this constituency would be included in our proposed Camden Town and St John's Wood constituency, we are required to cross the borough boundary with Islington to bring this third Camden constituency into the permitted electorate range. We propose including the Tufnell Park ward from Islington, and calling this constituency Kentish Town and Bloomsbury, to better reflect the main areas covered by the constituency. It is possible to include either the Junction ward or the Tufnell Park ward from Islington, but we consider that the Tufnell Park ward is geographically closer and has better community links with the rest of the proposed constituency. We also note that, despite the aforementioned changes in the central Camden area and the inclusion of Tufnell Park as an orphan ward, our proposed constituency would cover the same north-south geographical extent as the existing Holborn and St Pancras constituency, and retain nine of its wards.
- 59 The existing Islington North constituency has an electorate within the permitted electorate range. However, given our proposal to include the Tufnell Park ward in the Kentish Town and Bloomsbury constituency, the existing Islington North would need to gain electors from elsewhere. We therefore propose including the Dalston ward from the borough of Hackney in place of the Tufnell Park ward. While we acknowledge that our proposed arrangement would mean the Dalston ward being an orphan ward, we note the clear road and rail links providing connections across the Islington-Hackney boundary between the Dalston and Mildmay areas.
- 60 In Hackney, the two existing constituencies are both above the permitted electorate range. To bring the existing Hackney South and Shoreditch constituency into range, we propose that it should retain all its existing wards except the King's Park ward. The King's Park ward would be included in our proposed Hackney North and Stoke Newington constituency, which would retain all its existing wards other than the Dalston ward, as previously mentioned, and

the Brownswood ward and Woodberry Down ward in the north of the borough. The geographical extent of the two Hackney constituencies would therefore remain broadly similar to the existing arrangement.

- 61 In Haringey, the two existing constituencies have electorates above the 5% limit. We propose reconfiguring the existing Tottenham constituency to include the two Hackney wards of Brownswood and Woodberry Down in place of the West Green ward and White Hart Lane ward, taking into account the prospective local government ward boundary changes in the Tower Gardens area. These proposed changes bring the constituency into the permitted electorate range, and we consider that the main community areas of Tottenham would still be included in a single constituency. Our proposed Hornsey and Wood Green constituency retains seven of its existing wards and extends eastwards to include the West Green ward and White Hart Lane ward. As previously discussed, the three westernmost Haringey wards – Fortis Green, Highgate, and Muswell Hill – would then be included in our proposed Finchley and Muswell Hill constituency.

#### **Initial proposals for the South Central and South West London sub-region**

- 62 There are currently 20 constituencies in the South Central and South West London sub-region.<sup>12</sup> Our initial proposals are for 21 constituencies, an increase of one. Of the existing constituencies, six have electorates within the permitted electorate range: Carshalton and Wallington, Lewisham East, Lewisham West and Penge, Mitcham and Morden, Sutton and Cheam, and Tooting. Two have electorates that are below the 5% limit, and 12 above.
- 63 In developing our proposals, we considered whether we could leave unchanged any of the six existing constituencies with electorates within the permitted range. In the borough of Lewisham, we noted that the existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency (which crosses the boundary with Bromley) would have to change for the purposes of adhering to our proposed sub-regions. Prospective local government ward boundary changes in the borough would also see the existing Lewisham East constituency changed to realign with the prospective ward boundaries. Similarly, prospective ward boundary changes in Sutton mean that the two existing Sutton constituencies need to be adjusted to realign with the prospective boundaries. We considered that the existing Mitcham and Morden constituency would have to change to accommodate change to neighbouring areas, but we propose that the existing Tooting constituency remains wholly unchanged.

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<sup>12</sup> The existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency is divided between our proposed South Central and South West London, and South East London sub-regions. It has been counted in the South Central and South West sub-region, since the majority of its wards are in this sub-region.



- 64 Lewisham's mathematical entitlement to 2.59 constituencies means that the borough cannot accommodate a whole number of constituencies. Our proposals for Lewisham comprise a Lewisham East constituency, which is unchanged from the existing configuration except to realign the constituency boundaries with prospective local government ward boundaries; a Deptford constituency, which is also unchanged from the existing Lewisham, Deptford constituency except to realign with prospective ward boundaries; and a Dulwich and Sydenham constituency, which crosses the borough boundary with Southwark. Our proposed Dulwich and Sydenham constituency consists of those same Lewisham wards which are currently in the Lewisham West and Penge constituency, and four Dulwich wards from the borough of Southwark. We note the clear road and residential links across the borough boundary here.
- 65 Elsewhere in Southwark, the existing Bermondsey and Old Southwark constituency and Camberwell and Peckham constituency are both above the permitted electorate range, thereby requiring reconfiguration. Our proposed Bermondsey and Borough constituency retains eight wards from the existing Bermondsey and Old Southwark constituency and spans largely the same geographical area, extending along the River Thames from the Rotherhithe area to Blackfriars Bridge. We propose that the constituency be called Bermondsey and Borough to better reflect the main areas and population centres. Our proposed Peckham constituency includes eight wards from the existing Camberwell and Peckham constituency, and takes into account local government ward boundary changes in the Burgess Park area. The Camberwell Green ward, Newington ward, and St. George's ward are included in our proposed Vauxhall and Camberwell constituency, which spans the boroughs of Lambeth and Southwark. This proposed reconfiguration in the Camberwell area gives rise to our proposed constituency names, that is, the inclusion of 'Camberwell' in the name of the Vauxhall-based constituency, rather than in the name of the Peckham-based constituency.

- 66 In Lambeth, the existing Streatham constituency is above the permitted electorate range, and given our proposed changes to the existing Vauxhall constituency, as outlined above, we consider that change is necessary elsewhere in the borough. We propose a Clapham and Brixton constituency, which includes two wards from the existing Dulwich and West Norwood constituency, two wards from the existing Streatham constituency, and three wards from the existing Vauxhall constituency. Our proposed Streatham constituency then includes all the existing Streatham wards except the Clapham Common ward and Thornton ward, and additionally includes the Thurlow Park ward. We consider that our proposed arrangement unites more of the Clapham area in a single constituency, and minimises disruption to the existing Streatham constituency. When considering alternative arrangements in this part of Lambeth, we noted that it would be possible to include the Herne Hill ward in place of the Brixton Hill ward in our proposed Streatham constituency. While potentially bringing more of the Brixton area together into a single constituency, and producing a more compact shape for Clapham and Brixton, we observed that this arrangement would increase the geographical north–south span of the Streatham constituency, to the extent that it would encompass several distinct communities and areas. The presence of Brockwell Park at the southern end of Herne Hill ward would also effectively isolate that part of Herne Hill lying north of the park from the rest of the constituency. We therefore consider that our proposed arrangement better reflects the statutory factors, but we would particularly welcome local views on the alternative outlined above.
- 67 Croydon’s mathematical entitlement to 3.46 constituencies means that the borough is unable to accommodate a whole number of constituencies and therefore at least one of its constituencies must extend beyond the borough boundary. We accordingly propose a Norwood constituency, which comprises the Woodside ward from the existing Croydon Central constituency, four wards from the existing Croydon North constituency, and the two Lambeth wards of Gipsy Hill and Knight’s Hill. We consider that, despite crossing the borough boundary from Croydon to Lambeth and presenting a significant change from the existing configuration in this area, our proposed Norwood constituency has numerous internal transport links and comprises areas of a similar residential character. The railway line on its south-western edge acts as a natural boundary. Our proposed name arose from the fact that the constituency would cover the areas of Norwood New Town, South Norwood, Upper Norwood, and West Norwood.



- 68 Our proposed Croydon North constituency extends from the Waddon ward to the Norbury & Pollards Hill ward in Croydon, and crosses the boundary with Merton to include the Longthornton ward. We note the continuous residential development and the Northborough Road link across the borough boundary here. Our proposed Croydon East and Croydon South constituencies take into account local government ward boundary changes in the Selsdon area; otherwise, the two constituencies cover broadly similar geographical areas to the existing Croydon Central and Croydon South constituencies. However, in order to bring our proposed Croydon South constituency into the permitted electorate range, we propose dividing Waddon ward between the Croydon North and Croydon South constituencies: the WDN6 polling district at the south-eastern corner of Waddon ward would be included in the Croydon South constituency, and the remaining polling districts would be included in the Croydon North constituency. It is possible to divide Fairfield ward, rather than Waddon ward, but we consider it more appropriate for Fairfield ward to be included wholly in one constituency rather than Waddon ward, since parts of the commercial centre of Croydon are located in Fairfield ward.
- 69 Due to the electorate size and the configuration of wards across the boroughs of Croydon and Lambeth, we have not been able to propose a pattern of constituencies across these two boroughs without dividing a ward. In our investigations, we identified that it was possible to produce an arrangement whereby three constituencies were contained wholly within Croydon, thereby reducing the number of borough boundary crossings. However, this arrangement necessitated dividing three wards in Lambeth in order for all the constituencies to fall within the permitted electorate range. We therefore consider that including Longthornton ward as an orphan ward in our proposed Croydon North constituency and dividing only one ward in Croydon provides a more satisfactory solution than dividing three wards in Lambeth.
- 70 In the borough of Sutton, the two existing constituencies of Carshalton and Wallington, and Sutton and Cheam are unchanged in our proposals except to realign the constituency boundaries with prospective local government ward boundaries.

- 71 Wandsworth's mathematical entitlement to 3.02 constituencies means that the borough can also accommodate a whole number of constituencies. The existing Tooting constituency has an electorate within the permitted range, and we propose to leave this constituency wholly unchanged. The existing Battersea constituency is above the 5% limit, while the existing Putney constituency is below. We propose dividing the Fairfield ward between the Battersea and Putney constituencies to bring them both within range. The easternmost polling district of Fairfield ward, FFD, is included in our proposed Battersea constituency, and the remaining polling districts are included in our proposed Putney constituency. The ward would thereby be divided along the A214 road, a natural boundary. We noted that it was possible to create an arrangement of constituencies in Wandsworth without dividing a ward, but that any such arrangement would necessitate a complete reconfiguration of all three existing constituencies, dividing communities and breaking local ties. Our proposals, however, result in minimal disruption to the existing pattern of constituencies.
- 72 In Kingston upon Thames and that part of Richmond upon Thames that lies south of the River Thames, the existing Kingston and Surbiton constituency and the existing Richmond Park constituency are both above the permitted electorate range. We propose reducing the size of the existing Richmond Park constituency by one ward, Coombe Vale, which is included in our proposed Kingston and Surbiton constituency. To then bring the Kingston and Surbiton constituency into the permitted range, we propose that two of its existing wards should be in a constituency that crosses the borough boundary with Merton. We therefore propose a Wimbledon constituency that includes the two Kingston upon Thames wards of Old Malden and St. James. In our investigations, we considered different possible configurations of wards to be included in the Wimbledon constituency, but we decided that the greater number of transport links across the borough boundary from the Old Malden and St. James wards rendered them the most appropriate wards to be included in this constituency. In the Merton part of our proposed Wimbledon constituency, all the existing Wimbledon wards are retained other than the Cannon Hill ward.
- 73 The existing Mitcham and Morden constituency, although within the permitted electorate range, needs to be reconfigured in our proposals in order to accommodate necessary changes across the rest of the South Central and South West London sub-region. Our proposed Mitcham and Morden constituency retains all of its existing wards other than the Longthornton ward, and includes the Cannon Hill ward from the existing Wimbledon constituency. It is possible to include the Abbey ward rather than the Cannon Hill ward in our proposed Mitcham and Morden constituency, but given the strong ties between Abbey ward and central Wimbledon, we consider that transferring the Cannon Hill ward would be less disruptive.

### Initial proposals for the South East London sub-region

- 74 The South East London sub-region currently has eight constituencies.<sup>13</sup> Our initial proposals are also for eight constituencies. Of the existing constituencies, none have electorates within the permitted electorate range. Seven have electorates that are below the 5% limit, and one above.
- 75 Since our proposed sub-regions do not require a constituency that crosses the borough boundary between Lewisham and Bromley (as is the case with the existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency), and given that all the existing constituencies in the South East London sub-region have to be reconfigured to comply with the permitted electorate range, we consider that a significant degree of change is necessary across the sub-region.
- 76 Bromley has a mathematical entitlement to 3.24 constituencies, meaning that a whole number of constituencies cannot be contained within the borough boundary, and one constituency is required to cross the boundary with either Bexley or Greenwich. We outline below our reasons for proposing a constituency that crosses the boundary between Bromley and Greenwich. Elsewhere in Bromley borough, we propose a Beckenham constituency, a Bromley constituency, and an Orpington constituency. Our proposed Beckenham constituency comprises four wards from the existing Beckenham constituency, and three wards from the existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency. Despite these changes to the existing Beckenham constituency, we consider that the name 'Beckenham' would still be appropriate for our proposed constituency, given that it would still include the centre of Beckenham and its surrounding areas.
- 77 Our proposed Bromley constituency consists of two wards from the existing Beckenham constituency, three wards from the existing Bromley and Chislehurst constituency, and the Petts Wood and Knoll ward from the existing Orpington constituency. We note that Bromley Common is located in the two wards currently in the Beckenham constituency (Bromley Common and Keston ward, and Hayes and Coney Hall ward) and we observe the clear north-south road links, such as the A21, running from these two wards to the centre of Bromley town. We also note the continuous residential development and the road and rail links from the Petts Wood and Knoll ward to the rest of the proposed Bromley constituency. To bring the existing Orpington constituency into the permitted electorate range, we propose that the Cray Valley West ward be included in this constituency in place of the Petts Wood and Knoll ward.

<sup>13</sup> The existing Lewisham West and Penge constituency is divided between our proposed South Central and South West London, and South East London sub-regions. It has been counted in the South Central and South West sub-region, since the majority of its wards are in this sub-region.

- 78 When considering a constituency that would extend from Bromley borough into either Bexley or Greenwich borough, we noted that Bromley is separated from Bexley by the A20 road, which runs along the borough boundary, and by areas of woodland and open space in the north-eastern part of the Chislehurst ward. However, there are continuous residential development and numerous road links across the Bromley–Greenwich boundary. We therefore consider a crossing into Greenwich to be the more attractive option in terms of community ties. To that end, we propose an Eltham and Chislehurst constituency, which comprises six wards from the existing Eltham constituency, and the two Bromley borough wards of Chislehurst, and Mottingham and Chislehurst North.
- 79 Elsewhere in the borough of Greenwich, our proposed Greenwich and Woolwich constituency retains six of the seven wards from the existing Greenwich and Woolwich constituency. The Glyndon ward is included in our proposed Erith and Thamesmead constituency, along with the Shooters Hill ward from the existing Eltham constituency. We consider that this arrangement presents the advantage of uniting the Plumstead community in a single constituency: it is divided between three constituencies in the existing configuration.
- 80 In the borough of Bexley, our proposed Sidcup and Welling constituency is unchanged from the existing Old Bexley and Sidcup constituency except to realign the constituency boundaries with new local government ward boundaries in the Welling area. We consider that our proposed name better reflects the main population centres of the constituency.
- 81 Our proposed Bexleyheath and Crayford constituency extends further north than the existing constituency, to reflect new ward boundaries in the West Heath area, and to include the Northumberland Heath ward. These changes are required to bring the constituency into the permitted electorate range. While we note that the Erith community is divided between two constituencies in our proposed arrangement, we consider that no alternative arrangement would better reflect the statutory factors across the sub-region as a whole.

## 4 How to have your say

- 82 We are consulting on our initial proposals for an eight-week period, from 8 June 2021 to 2 August 2021. We encourage everyone to give us their views on our proposals for their area – the more public responses we receive and the more local information that is provided, the more informed our decisions will be when analysing all the responses we have received.
- 83 On our interactive consultation website, at [www.bcereviews.org.uk](http://www.bcereviews.org.uk), you can see what constituency you will be in under our proposals, and compare it with your existing constituency and local government boundaries. You can also easily submit your views on our proposals through that consultation website.
- 84 When making comments on our initial proposals, we ask people to bear in mind the tight constraints placed on the Commission by the rules set by Parliament, discussed in chapter 2 and in our Guide to the 2023 Review. Most importantly, in the London region:
- we cannot recommend constituencies that have electorates that contain more than 77,062 or fewer than 69,724 electors
  - we are basing our initial proposals on local government ward boundaries (existing or – where relevant – prospective) as at 1 December 2020 as the building blocks of constituencies – although where there is strong justification for doing so, we will consider dividing a ward between constituencies (see the Guide to the 2023 Review for more detailed information)
  - we have constructed constituencies within regions, so as not to cross regional boundaries – very compelling reasons would need to be given to persuade us that we should depart from this approach.

- 85 These issues mean that we encourage people who are making a comment about their local area to bear in mind any consequential effects for neighbouring areas that might result from their suggestions. The Commission must look at the recommendations for new constituencies across the whole region (and, indeed, across England). What may be a better solution for one location may have undesirable consequences for others. We therefore ask everyone wishing to respond to our consultation to bear in mind the impact of their counter-proposals on neighbouring constituencies, and on those further afield across the region.

## How can you give us your views?

- 86 Views on our initial proposals should be given to the Commission initially in writing. We encourage everyone who wishes to comment on our proposals in writing to do so through our interactive consultation website<sup>14</sup> at [www.bcereviews.org.uk](http://www.bcereviews.org.uk) – you will find all the details you need and be able to comment directly through the website. The website allows you to explore the map of our proposals and get further data, including the electorate sizes of every ward. You can also upload text or data files you may have previously prepared setting out your views.
- 87 We encourage everyone, before submitting a representation, to read our approach to protecting and using your personal details (available at [www.bcereviews.org.uk](http://www.bcereviews.org.uk)). As these consultations are very much concerned with a respondent's sense of place and community, when publishing responses (which the law requires us to do), we will associate the response with the general locality of the respondent's address, but we will not publish a respondent's name or detailed address with their response, unless they specifically ask us to do so.
- 88 It is important to stress that all representations, whether they have been made through our website or sent to us in writing, will be given equal consideration by the Commission.
- 89 As noted above, there will be an opportunity to make an oral response to our initial proposals – and comment on the responses of others – during the secondary consultation stage. We will therefore publish further details about these public hearings, and how you can make a contribution to one, closer to the dates of the secondary consultation period.

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<sup>14</sup> Our website has been designed to maximise accessibility for all users, in line with the Public Sector Bodies (Websites and Mobile Applications) (No.2) Accessibility Regulations 2018.



## What do we want views on?

- 90 We would particularly like to ask two things of people responding to our consultation. Firstly, if you support our proposals, please tell us so. Past experience suggests that too often people who are happy with our proposals do not respond in support, while those who object to them do respond to make their points. That can give a distorted view of the balance of public support or objection to proposals, and those who, in fact, support our initial proposals may then be disappointed if those proposals are subsequently revised in light of the consultation responses. Secondly, if you are considering objecting to our proposals, do please use the resources (such as maps and electorate figures) available on our website and at the places of deposit<sup>15</sup> to put forward counter-proposals that are in accordance with the rules to which we are working.
- 91 Above all, however, we encourage everyone to have their say on our initial proposals and, in doing so, to become involved in drawing the map of new Parliamentary constituencies. The more views and information we receive as a result of our initial proposals and through the subsequent consultation phases, the more informed our consideration in developing those proposals will be, and the better we will be able to reflect the public's views in the final recommendations that we present in 2023.

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<sup>15</sup> The legislation requires our proposals to be made available in at least one 'place of deposit' open to the public in each proposed constituency. A list of these places of deposit is published on our website.



# Appendix: Initial proposals for constituencies, including wards and electorates

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Barking BC</b>			<b>71,822</b>
	Abbey	Barking and Dagenham	7,721
	Alibon	Barking and Dagenham	6,371
	Becontree	Barking and Dagenham	8,561
	Eastbury	Barking and Dagenham	6,913
	Gascoigne	Barking and Dagenham	6,097
	Goresbrook	Barking and Dagenham	6,975
	Longbridge	Barking and Dagenham	8,273
	Mayesbrook	Barking and Dagenham	6,407
	Parsloes	Barking and Dagenham	6,248
	Thames	Barking and Dagenham	8,256
<b>Battersea BC</b>			<b>71,949</b>
	Balham	Wandsworth	11,444
	Part of Fairfield (polling district FFD)	Wandsworth	3,627
	Latchmere	Wandsworth	10,522
	Northcote	Wandsworth	10,384
	Queenstown	Wandsworth	12,758
	Shaftesbury	Wandsworth	10,788
	St. Mary's Park	Wandsworth	12,426
<b>Beckenham BC</b>			<b>76,625</b>
	Clock House	Bromley	11,573
	Copers Cope	Bromley	12,140
	Crystal Palace	Bromley	9,031
	Kelsey and Eden Park	Bromley	12,263
	Penge and Cator	Bromley	12,197



Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	Shortlands	Bromley	7,529
	West Wickham	Bromley	11,892
<b>Bermondsey and Borough BC</b>			<b>74,461</b>
	Borough & Bankside	Southwark	6,347
	Chaucer	Southwark	9,861
	London Bridge & West Bermondsey	Southwark	9,936
	North Bermondsey	Southwark	10,471
	North Walworth	Southwark	9,303
	Rotherhithe	Southwark	9,640
	South Bermondsey	Southwark	10,211
	Surrey Docks	Southwark	8,692
<b>Bethnal Green and Stepney BC</b>			<b>77,000</b>
	Bethnal Green	Tower Hamlets	13,096
	Shadwell	Tower Hamlets	7,922
	Spitalfields & Banglatown	Tower Hamlets	7,925
	St. Dunstan's	Tower Hamlets	8,615
	St. Peter's	Tower Hamlets	12,940
	Stepney Green	Tower Hamlets	7,802
	Weavers	Tower Hamlets	8,500
	Whitechapel	Tower Hamlets	10,200
<b>Bexleyheath and Crayford BC</b>			<b>69,948</b>
	Barnehurst	Bexley	8,351
	Bexleyheath	Bexley	11,575
	Crayford	Bexley	10,936
	Crook Log	Bexley	11,686
	Northumberland Heath	Bexley	7,725
	Slade Green & Northend	Bexley	7,805
	West Heath	Bexley	11,870
<b>Brent Central BC</b>			<b>76,369</b>
	Alperton	Brent	7,480
	Cricklewood & Mapesbury	Brent	7,784
	Dollis Hill	Brent	11,728
	Roundwood	Brent	9,265
	Stonebridge	Brent	11,587
	Tokington	Brent	5,883
	Wembley Hill	Brent	7,833
	Wembley Park	Brent	4,274
	Willesden Green	Brent	10,535

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Brentford and Isleworth BC</b>			<b>76,354</b>
	Brentford East	Hounslow	4,874
	Brentford West	Hounslow	5,651
	Heston East	Hounslow	6,772
	Hounslow Central	Hounslow	4,872
	Hounslow East	Hounslow	4,475
	Hounslow Heath	Hounslow	8,584
	Hounslow South	Hounslow	8,864
	Isleworth	Hounslow	8,551
	Osterley & Spring Grove	Hounslow	9,048
	Syon & Brentford Lock	Hounslow	7,288
	Whitton	Richmond upon Thames	7,375
<b>Bromley BC</b>			<b>71,515</b>
	Bickley	Bromley	11,586
	Bromley Common and Keston	Bromley	12,521
	Bromley Town	Bromley	12,761
	Hayes and Coney Hall	Bromley	12,589
	Petts Wood and Knoll	Bromley	10,643
	Plaistow and Sundridge	Bromley	11,415
<b>Camden Town and St John's Wood BC</b>			<b>75,064</b>
	Belsize	Camden	5,855
	Camden Town	Camden	4,872
	Gospel Oak	Camden	8,313
	Hampstead Town	Camden	5,932
	Haverstock	Camden	8,643
	Primrose Hill	Camden	7,691
	Abbey Road	Westminster	7,201
	Church Street	Westminster	6,923
	Little Venice	Westminster	5,930
	Maida Vale	Westminster	6,776
	Regent's Park	Westminster	6,928
<b>Carshalton and Wallington BC</b>			<b>72,755</b>
	Beddington	Sutton	8,069
	Carshalton Central	Sutton	8,444
	Carshalton South & Clockhouse	Sutton	7,667
	Hackbridge	Sutton	3,874

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	South Beddington & Roundshaw	Sutton	7,820
	St Helier East	Sutton	5,359
	St Helier West	Sutton	7,803
	The Wrythe	Sutton	7,336
	Wallington North	Sutton	8,320
	Wallington South	Sutton	8,063
<b>Chingford and Woodford Green BC</b>			<b>75,677</b>
	Bridge	Redbridge	9,002
	Churchfields	Redbridge	10,343
	Monkhams	Redbridge	7,086
	Chingford Green	Waltham Forest	7,969
	Endlebury	Waltham Forest	8,158
	Hale End and Highams Park	Waltham Forest	8,530
	Hatch Lane	Waltham Forest	8,118
	Larkswood	Waltham Forest	8,398
	Valley	Waltham Forest	8,073
<b>City of London and Islington South BC</b>			<b>75,760</b>
	City and County of the City of London	City of London	6,304
	Barnsbury	Islington	8,330
	Bunhill	Islington	7,002
	Caledonian	Islington	6,835
	Canonbury	Islington	8,834
	Clerkenwell	Islington	7,518
	Holloway	Islington	7,916
	Laycock	Islington	8,190
	St Mary's & St James'	Islington	7,840
	St Peter's & Canalside	Islington	6,991
<b>Clapham and Brixton BC</b>			<b>76,656</b>
	Clapham Common	Lambeth	9,723
	Clapham Town	Lambeth	10,677
	Coldharbour	Lambeth	12,046
	Ferndale	Lambeth	11,516
	Herne Hill	Lambeth	11,227
	Larkhall	Lambeth	12,150
	Thornton	Lambeth	9,317

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Croydon East BC</b>			<b>70,201</b>
	Addiscombe East	Croydon	8,190
	Addiscombe West	Croydon	9,351
	New Addington North	Croydon	6,870
	New Addington South	Croydon	7,663
	Park Hill & Whitgift	Croydon	3,957
	Selsdon & Addington Village	Croydon	7,794
	Selsdon Vale & Forestdale	Croydon	7,134
	Shirley North	Croydon	11,248
	Shirley South	Croydon	7,994
<b>Croydon North BC</b>			<b>70,674</b>
	Bensham Manor	Croydon	10,058
	Broad Green	Croydon	11,420
	Fairfield	Croydon	7,630
	Norbury & Pollards Hill	Croydon	7,556
	Selhurst	Croydon	7,210
	Part of Waddon (polling districts WDN1, WDN2, WDN3, WDN4, WDN5, and WDN7)	Croydon	8,868
	West Thornton	Croydon	10,938
	Longthornton	Merton	6,994
<b>Croydon South BC</b>			<b>69,967</b>
	Coulsdon Town	Croydon	10,429
	Kenley	Croydon	7,766
	Old Coulsdon	Croydon	7,444
	Purley & Woodcote	Croydon	11,816
	Purley Oaks & Riddlesdown	Croydon	7,541
	Sanderstead	Croydon	11,704
	South Croydon	Croydon	10,884
	Part of Waddon (polling district WDN6)	Croydon	2,383
<b>Dagenham and Rainham BC</b>			<b>71,166</b>
	Eastbrook	Barking and Dagenham	7,357
	Heath	Barking and Dagenham	7,155
	River	Barking and Dagenham	6,462
	Valence	Barking and Dagenham	6,866

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	Village	Barking and Dagenham	7,016
	Whalebone	Barking and Dagenham	7,328
	Elm Park	Havering	9,654
	Rainham and Wennington	Havering	9,299
	South Hornchurch	Havering	10,029
<b>Deptford BC</b>			<b>73,725</b>
	Brockley	Lewisham	12,108
	Crofton Park	Lewisham	10,726
	Deptford	Lewisham	10,792
	Evelyn	Lewisham	8,286
	Ladywell	Lewisham	10,386
	Lewisham Central	Lewisham	4,699
	New Cross Gate	Lewisham	5,329
	Telegraph Hill	Lewisham	11,399
<b>Dulwich and Sydenham BC</b>			<b>73,618</b>
	Bellingham	Lewisham	6,861
	Forest Hill	Lewisham	10,511
	Perry Vale	Lewisham	12,187
	Sydenham	Lewisham	11,635
	Dulwich Hill	Southwark	7,005
	Dulwich Village	Southwark	7,755
	Dulwich Wood	Southwark	7,165
	Goose Green	Southwark	10,499
<b>Ealing Central and Acton BC</b>			<b>75,399</b>
	Ealing Broadway	Ealing	8,652
	Ealing Common	Ealing	10,062
	East Acton	Ealing	8,399
	Hanger Hill	Ealing	9,260
	North Acton	Ealing	9,129
	South Acton	Ealing	9,324
	Southfield	Ealing	10,397
	College Park & Old Oak	Hammersmith and Fulham	5,238
	Wormholt	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,938

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Ealing North BC</b>			<b>72,985</b>
	Central Greenford	Ealing	7,547
	Greenford Broadway	Ealing	9,359
	North Greenford	Ealing	9,485
	North Hanwell	Ealing	8,929
	Northolt Mandeville	Ealing	9,724
	Northolt West End	Ealing	9,365
	Perivale	Ealing	9,013
	Pitshanger	Ealing	9,563
<b>East Ham BC</b>			<b>70,902</b>
	Boleyn	Newham	9,480
	East Ham Central	Newham	8,780
	East Ham North	Newham	8,629
	East Ham South	Newham	8,945
	Green Street East	Newham	8,826
	Little Ilford	Newham	9,177
	Manor Park	Newham	8,684
	Wall End	Newham	8,381
<b>Edmonton BC</b>			<b>74,244</b>
	Bowes	Enfield	5,866
	Bush Hill Park	Enfield	9,394
	Edmonton Green	Enfield	9,304
	Haselbury	Enfield	9,987
	Highfield	Enfield	6,303
	Jubilee	Enfield	9,262
	Lower Edmonton	Enfield	9,237
	Ponders End	Enfield	6,393
	Upper Edmonton	Enfield	8,498
<b>Eltham and Chislehurst BC</b>			<b>74,179</b>
	Chislehurst	Bromley	12,014
	Mottingham and Chislehurst North	Bromley	7,049
	Coldharbour and New Eltham	Greenwich	9,334
	Eltham North	Greenwich	9,405
	Eltham South	Greenwich	8,812
	Eltham West	Greenwich	8,648
	Kidbrooke with Hornfair	Greenwich	9,625
	Middle Park and Sutcliffe	Greenwich	9,292

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Enfield North BC</b>			<b>70,431</b>
	Brimsdown	Enfield	9,594
	Bullsmoor	Enfield	6,868
	Carterhatch	Enfield	6,861
	Enfield Lock	Enfield	10,072
	Ridgeway	Enfield	8,894
	Southbury	Enfield	9,501
	Town	Enfield	9,075
	Whitewebbs	Enfield	9,566
<b>Erith and Thamesmead BC</b>			<b>76,728</b>
	Belvedere	Bexley	10,842
	Erith	Bexley	7,309
	Thamesmead East	Bexley	9,194
	Abbey Wood	Greenwich	9,813
	Glyndon	Greenwich	10,085
	Plumstead	Greenwich	9,809
	Shooters Hill	Greenwich	9,097
	Thamesmead Moorings	Greenwich	10,579
<b>Feltham and Heston BC</b>			<b>75,226</b>
	Bedfont	Hounslow	8,884
	Cranford	Hounslow	8,638
	Feltham North	Hounslow	7,018
	Feltham West	Hounslow	9,430
	Hanworth Park	Hounslow	6,012
	Hanworth Village	Hounslow	9,705
	Heston Central	Hounslow	8,139
	Heston West	Hounslow	9,269
	Hounslow West	Hounslow	8,131
<b>Finchley and Muswell Hill BC</b>			<b>76,351</b>
	East Finchley	Barnet	10,487
	Finchley Church End	Barnet	12,036
	Garden Suburb	Barnet	8,863
	West Finchley	Barnet	11,650
	Woodhouse	Barnet	8,716
	Fortis Green	Haringey	8,838
	Highgate	Haringey	9,399
	Muswell Hill	Haringey	6,362

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Fulham and Chelsea West BC</b>			<b>75,172</b>
	Fulham Reach	Hammersmith and Fulham	7,768
	Fulham Town	Hammersmith and Fulham	5,030
	Lillie	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,161
	Munster	Hammersmith and Fulham	8,027
	Palace & Hurlingham	Hammersmith and Fulham	7,820
	Parsons Green & Sandford	Hammersmith and Fulham	5,027
	Sands End	Hammersmith and Fulham	6,657
	Walham Green	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,869
	West Kensington	Hammersmith and Fulham	5,990
	Chelsea Riverside	Kensington and Chelsea	5,365
	Courtfield	Kensington and Chelsea	4,236
	Redcliffe	Kensington and Chelsea	4,840
	Stanley	Kensington and Chelsea	5,382
<b>Greenwich and Woolwich BC</b>			<b>69,824</b>
	Blackheath Westcombe	Greenwich	9,391
	Charlton	Greenwich	9,562
	Greenwich West	Greenwich	13,645
	Peninsula	Greenwich	14,596
	Woolwich Common	Greenwich	10,376
	Woolwich Riverside	Greenwich	12,254
<b>Hackney North and Stoke Newington BC</b>			<b>75,401</b>
	Cazenove	Hackney	8,612
	Clissold	Hackney	9,079
	Hackney Downs	Hackney	9,010
	King's Park	Hackney	8,936
	Lea Bridge	Hackney	9,651
	Shacklewell	Hackney	6,039
	Springfield	Hackney	8,587
	Stamford Hill West	Hackney	5,670
	Stoke Newington	Hackney	9,817



Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Hackney South and Shoreditch BC</b>			<b>75,186</b>
	De Beauvoir	Hackney	6,449
	Hackney Central	Hackney	9,115
	Hackney Wick	Hackney	8,489
	Haggerston	Hackney	9,280
	Homerton	Hackney	8,457
	Hoxton East & Shoreditch	Hackney	7,422
	Hoxton West	Hackney	8,538
	London Fields	Hackney	8,878
	Victoria	Hackney	8,558
<b>Hammersmith and Chiswick BC</b>			<b>74,746</b>
	Addison	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,982
	Avonmore	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,585
	Brook Green	Hammersmith and Fulham	5,165
	Coningham	Hammersmith and Fulham	7,059
	Grove	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,879
	Hammersmith Broadway	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,535
	Ravenscourt	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,649
	Shepherd's Bush Green	Hammersmith and Fulham	3,335
	Wendell Park	Hammersmith and Fulham	4,884
	White City	Hammersmith and Fulham	6,152
	Chiswick Gunnersbury	Hounslow	8,159
	Chiswick Homefields	Hounslow	9,565
	Chiswick Riverside	Hounslow	6,797
<b>Harrow BC</b>			<b>74,060</b>
	Greenhill	Harrow	6,378
	Harrow on the Hill	Harrow	6,612
	Headstone	Harrow	9,941
	Marlborough	Harrow	6,257
	North Harrow	Harrow	6,297
	Rayners Lane	Harrow	6,309
	Roxbourne	Harrow	6,161

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	Roxeth	Harrow	9,655
	Wealdstone North	Harrow	5,975
	Wealdstone South	Harrow	4,225
	West Harrow	Harrow	6,250
<b>Hayes and West Drayton BC</b>			<b>72,897</b>
	Belmore	Hillingdon	10,519
	Charville	Hillingdon	7,378
	Hayes Town	Hillingdon	8,355
	Heathrow Villages	Hillingdon	6,936
	Pinkwell	Hillingdon	9,958
	West Drayton	Hillingdon	10,733
	Wood End	Hillingdon	11,221
	Yeading	Hillingdon	7,797
<b>Hendon and Golders Green BC</b>			<b>76,370</b>
	Childs Hill	Barnet	11,014
	Colindale North	Barnet	6,254
	Colindale South	Barnet	8,814
	Cricklewood	Barnet	5,177
	Golders Green	Barnet	7,818
	Hendon	Barnet	11,786
	West Hendon	Barnet	9,028
	Kingsbury	Brent	6,433
	Welsh Harp	Brent	10,046
<b>High Barnet and Mill Hill BC</b>			<b>76,703</b>
	Barnet Vale	Barnet	11,578
	Edgwarebury	Barnet	7,927
	Friern Barnet	Barnet	11,564
	High Barnet	Barnet	8,493
	Mill Hill	Barnet	11,799
	Totteridge & Woodside	Barnet	9,481
	Underhill	Barnet	8,491
	Whetstone	Barnet	7,370
<b>Hornchurch and Upminster CC</b>			<b>76,806</b>
	Cranham	Havering	9,846
	Gooshays	Havering	10,597
	Hacton	Havering	9,681
	Harold Wood	Havering	10,727
	Heaton	Havering	9,385

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	Part of Hylands (polling districts HY2, HY3, and HY4)	Havering	5,640
	St. Andrew's	Havering	10,430
	Upminster	Havering	10,500
<b>Hornsey and Wood Green BC</b>			<b>74,201</b>
	Alexandra Park	Haringey	6,317
	Bounds Green	Haringey	5,870
	Crouch End	Haringey	9,987
	Hornsey	Haringey	10,508
	Noel Park	Haringey	7,855
	Stroud Green	Haringey	8,764
	West Green	Haringey	8,677
	White Hart Lane	Haringey	8,136
	Woodside	Haringey	8,087
<b>Ilford North BC</b>			<b>74,684</b>
	Aldborough	Redbridge	9,204
	Barkingside	Redbridge	9,747
	Clayhall	Redbridge	9,578
	Cranbrook	Redbridge	8,686
	Fairlop	Redbridge	8,833
	Fullwell	Redbridge	10,506
	Hainault	Redbridge	9,181
	Valentines	Redbridge	8,949
<b>Ilford South BC</b>			<b>74,065</b>
	Chadwell Heath	Barking and Dagenham	7,109
	Chadwell	Redbridge	10,093
	Clementswood	Redbridge	7,913
	Goodmayes	Redbridge	8,739
	Ilford Town	Redbridge	5,565
	Loxford	Redbridge	7,867
	Mayfield	Redbridge	9,412
	Newbury	Redbridge	8,651
	Seven Kings	Redbridge	8,716
<b>Islington North BC</b>			<b>71,924</b>
	Dalston	Hackney	6,460
	Arsenal	Islington	8,808
	Finsbury Park	Islington	8,690
	Highbury	Islington	9,851

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	Hillrise	Islington	10,288
	Junction	Islington	8,702
	Mildmay	Islington	9,556
	Tollington	Islington	9,569
<b>Kensington and Westbourne BC</b>			<b>76,367</b>
	Abingdon	Kensington and Chelsea	4,547
	Campden	Kensington and Chelsea	4,808
	Colville	Kensington and Chelsea	5,701
	Dalgarno	Kensington and Chelsea	4,244
	Earl's Court	Kensington and Chelsea	4,820
	Golborne	Kensington and Chelsea	5,470
	Holland	Kensington and Chelsea	4,776
	Norland	Kensington and Chelsea	3,665
	Notting Dale	Kensington and Chelsea	5,388
	Pembridge	Kensington and Chelsea	3,124
	Queen's Gate	Kensington and Chelsea	4,040
	St. Helen's	Kensington and Chelsea	4,069
	Harrow Road	Westminster	6,964
	Queen's Park	Westminster	7,874
	Westbourne	Westminster	6,877
<b>Kentish Town and Bloomsbury BC</b>			<b>74,997</b>
	Bloomsbury	Camden	6,981
	Camden Square	Camden	7,991
	Highgate	Camden	7,382
	Holborn & Covent Garden	Camden	7,910
	Kentish Town North	Camden	5,853
	Kentish Town South	Camden	6,883
	King's Cross	Camden	8,514
	Regent's Park	Camden	7,796
	St Pancras & Somers Town	Camden	7,181
	Tufnell Park	Islington	8,506

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Kenton and Wembley West BC</b>			<b>77,018</b>
	Barnhill	Brent	6,770
	Kenton	Brent	11,772
	Northwick Park	Brent	8,411
	Preston	Brent	6,546
	Queensbury	Brent	10,021
	Sudbury	Brent	7,793
	Wembley Central	Brent	9,701
	Kenton East	Harrow	9,178
	Kenton West	Harrow	6,826
<b>Kingston and Surbiton BC</b>			<b>75,410</b>
	Alexandra	Kingston upon Thames	6,650
	Berrylands	Kingston upon Thames	6,723
	Beverley	Kingston upon Thames	7,042
	Chessington North and Hook	Kingston upon Thames	6,344
	Chessington South	Kingston upon Thames	7,408
	Coombe Vale	Kingston upon Thames	6,706
	Grove	Kingston upon Thames	7,211
	Norbiton	Kingston upon Thames	6,352
	St. Mark's	Kingston upon Thames	6,975
	Surbiton Hill	Kingston upon Thames	7,169
	Tolworth and Hook Rise	Kingston upon Thames	6,830
<b>Lewisham East BC</b>			<b>75,350</b>
	Blackheath	Lewisham	10,505
	Catford South	Lewisham	11,163
	Downham	Lewisham	11,172
	Grove Park	Lewisham	9,858
	Hither Green	Lewisham	12,093
	Lee Green	Lewisham	9,804
	Rushey Green	Lewisham	10,755

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Leyton and Wanstead BC</b>			<b>71,330</b>
	South Woodford	Redbridge	8,580
	Wanstead Park	Redbridge	5,799
	Wanstead Village	Redbridge	9,273
	Cann Hall	Waltham Forest	7,598
	Cathall	Waltham Forest	6,926
	Forest	Waltham Forest	7,813
	Grove Green	Waltham Forest	8,310
	Leyton	Waltham Forest	9,004
	Leytonstone	Waltham Forest	8,027
<b>Mitcham and Morden BC</b>			<b>69,883</b>
	Cannon Hill	Merton	6,855
	Colliers Wood	Merton	7,519
	Cricket Green	Merton	7,083
	Figge's Marsh	Merton	6,559
	Graveney	Merton	7,220
	Lavender Fields	Merton	6,721
	Lower Morden	Merton	7,914
	Pollards Hill	Merton	7,377
	Ravensbury	Merton	6,032
	St Helier	Merton	6,603
<b>Norwood BC</b>			<b>69,785</b>
	Crystal Palace & Upper Norwood	Croydon	10,964
	Norbury Park	Croydon	7,260
	South Norwood	Croydon	10,224
	Thornton Heath	Croydon	10,806
	Woodside	Croydon	11,183
	Gipsy Hill	Lambeth	9,777
	Knight's Hill	Lambeth	9,571
<b>Orpington CC</b>			<b>70,474</b>
	Biggin Hill	Bromley	7,902
	Chelsfield and Pratts Bottom	Bromley	11,198
	Cray Valley East	Bromley	11,244
	Cray Valley West	Bromley	12,015
	Darwin	Bromley	4,235
	Farnborough and Crofton	Bromley	11,801
	Orpington	Bromley	12,079

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Peckham BC</b>			<b>76,147</b>
	Champion Hill	Southwark	6,933
	Faraday	Southwark	7,529
	Nunhead & Queen's Road	Southwark	11,187
	Old Kent Road	Southwark	10,996
	Peckham	Southwark	9,994
	Peckham Rye	Southwark	7,341
	Rye Lane	Southwark	10,774
	St. Giles	Southwark	11,393
<b>Poplar and Limehouse BC</b>			<b>75,814</b>
	Blackwall & Cubitt Town	Tower Hamlets	10,546
	Bromley South	Tower Hamlets	8,151
	Canary Wharf	Tower Hamlets	8,232
	Island Gardens	Tower Hamlets	8,337
	Lansbury	Tower Hamlets	11,783
	Limehouse	Tower Hamlets	4,252
	Mile End	Tower Hamlets	12,381
	Poplar	Tower Hamlets	4,222
	St. Katharine's & Wapping	Tower Hamlets	7,910
<b>Putney BC</b>			<b>73,041</b>
	East Putney	Wandsworth	11,393
	Part of Fairfield (polling districts FFA, FFB, and FFC)	Wandsworth	7,376
	Roehampton and Putney Heath	Wandsworth	8,863
	Southfields	Wandsworth	12,530
	Thamesfield	Wandsworth	12,097
	West Hill	Wandsworth	10,290
	West Putney	Wandsworth	10,492
<b>Richmond Park BC</b>			<b>75,037</b>
	Canbury	Kingston upon Thames	8,674
	Coombe Hill	Kingston upon Thames	6,388
	Tudor	Kingston upon Thames	6,748
	Barnes	Richmond upon Thames	7,454
	East Sheen	Richmond upon Thames	7,314



Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	Ham, Petersham & Richmond Riverside	Richmond upon Thames	6,903
	Kew	Richmond upon Thames	8,346
	Mortlake & Barnes Common	Richmond upon Thames	8,156
	North Richmond	Richmond upon Thames	7,375
	South Richmond	Richmond upon Thames	7,679
<b>Romford BC</b>			<b>76,323</b>
	Brooklands	Havering	11,491
	Emerson Park	Havering	9,696
	Havering Park	Havering	9,790
	Part of Hylands (polling districts HY1 and HY5)	Havering	4,549
	Mawneys	Havering	9,513
	Pettits	Havering	10,103
	Romford Town	Havering	11,123
	Squirrel's Heath	Havering	10,058
<b>Ruislip, Northwood and Pinner BC</b>			<b>72,168</b>
	Hatch End	Harrow	6,864
	Pinner	Harrow	9,850
	Pinner South	Harrow	10,918
	Eastcote	Hillingdon	12,425
	Harefield Village	Hillingdon	4,147
	Northwood	Hillingdon	8,042
	Northwood Hills	Hillingdon	8,107
	Ruislip	Hillingdon	11,815
<b>Sidcup and Welling BC</b>			<b>74,317</b>
	Blackfen & Lamorbey	Bexley	12,057
	Blendon & Penhill	Bexley	11,848
	East Wickham	Bexley	11,471
	Falconwood & Welling	Bexley	11,674
	Longlands	Bexley	7,674
	Sidcup	Bexley	11,424
	St. Mary's & St. James	Bexley	8,169

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Southall BC</b>			<b>75,085</b>
	Dormers Wells	Ealing	9,311
	Hanwell Broadway	Ealing	8,747
	Lady Margaret	Ealing	10,013
	Northfield	Ealing	9,314
	Norwood Green	Ealing	9,128
	Southall Broadway	Ealing	6,442
	Southall Green	Ealing	8,751
	Southall West	Ealing	3,919
	Walpole	Ealing	9,460
<b>Southgate and Barnet East BC</b>			<b>76,286</b>
	Brunswick Park	Barnet	11,029
	East Barnet	Barnet	11,818
	Arnos Grove	Enfield	5,713
	Cockfosters	Enfield	6,933
	Grange Park	Enfield	6,317
	New Southgate	Enfield	6,102
	Oakwood	Enfield	5,944
	Palmers Green	Enfield	6,281
	Southgate	Enfield	9,247
	Winchmore Hill	Enfield	6,902
<b>Stanmore and Edgware BC</b>			<b>74,089</b>
	Burnt Oak	Barnet	11,424
	Edgware	Barnet	12,391
	Belmont	Harrow	6,331
	Canons	Harrow	6,572
	Centenary	Harrow	9,064
	Edgware	Harrow	8,890
	Harrow Weald	Harrow	9,894
	Stanmore	Harrow	9,523
<b>Stratford and Bow BC</b>			<b>73,849</b>
	Forest Gate North	Newham	8,921
	Forest Gate South	Newham	9,422
	Green Street West	Newham	8,746
	Stratford and New Town	Newham	17,631
	Bow East	Tower Hamlets	12,908
	Bow West	Tower Hamlets	9,079
	Bromley North	Tower Hamlets	7,142

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Streatham BC</b>			<b>71,381</b>
	Brixton Hill	Lambeth	11,281
	St. Leonard's	Lambeth	9,880
	Streatham Hill	Lambeth	10,386
	Streatham South	Lambeth	9,013
	Streatham Wells	Lambeth	10,185
	Thurlow Park	Lambeth	9,840
	Tulse Hill	Lambeth	10,796
<b>Sutton and Cheam BC</b>			<b>71,284</b>
	Belmont	Sutton	8,106
	Cheam	Sutton	8,306
	North Cheam	Sutton	8,396
	Stonecot	Sutton	5,669
	Sutton Central	Sutton	6,831
	Sutton North	Sutton	7,531
	Sutton South	Sutton	7,706
	Sutton West & East Cheam	Sutton	7,673
	Worcester Park North	Sutton	5,533
	Worcester Park South	Sutton	5,533
<b>Tooting BC</b>			<b>76,986</b>
	Bedford	Wandsworth	11,126
	Earlsfield	Wandsworth	11,578
	Furzedown	Wandsworth	10,356
	Graveney	Wandsworth	10,864
	Nightingale	Wandsworth	11,497
	Tooting	Wandsworth	11,422
	Wandsworth Common	Wandsworth	10,143
<b>Tottenham BC</b>			<b>75,516</b>
	Brownswood	Hackney	6,348
	Woodberry Down	Hackney	6,563
	Bruce Castle	Haringey	7,521
	Harringay	Haringey	8,225
	Hermitage & Gardens	Haringey	5,910
	Northumberland Park	Haringey	7,718
	Seven Sisters	Haringey	5,181
	South Tottenham	Haringey	8,399
	St Ann's	Haringey	5,765
	Tottenham Central	Haringey	8,381
	Tottenham Hale	Haringey	5,505

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Twickenham BC</b>			<b>75,889</b>
	Fulwell & Hampton Hill	Richmond upon Thames	7,780
	Hampton	Richmond upon Thames	7,445
	Hampton North	Richmond upon Thames	7,131
	Hampton Wick & South Teddington	Richmond upon Thames	7,953
	Heathfield	Richmond upon Thames	6,933
	South Twickenham	Richmond upon Thames	7,574
	St Margarets & North Twickenham	Richmond upon Thames	8,106
	Teddington	Richmond upon Thames	7,848
	Twickenham Riverside	Richmond upon Thames	7,547
	West Twickenham	Richmond upon Thames	7,572
<b>Uxbridge and South Ruislip BC</b>			<b>75,042</b>
	Colham & Cowley	Hillingdon	11,417
	Hillingdon East	Hillingdon	10,448
	Hillingdon West	Hillingdon	5,675
	Ickenham & South Harefield	Hillingdon	11,372
	Ruislip Manor	Hillingdon	7,679
	South Ruislip	Hillingdon	11,403
	Uxbridge	Hillingdon	10,624
	Yiewsley	Hillingdon	6,424
<b>Vauxhall and Camberwell BC</b>			<b>75,439</b>
	Bishop's	Lambeth	6,789
	Oval	Lambeth	10,901
	Prince's	Lambeth	11,195
	Stockwell	Lambeth	9,706
	Vassall	Lambeth	11,456
	Camberwell Green	Southwark	10,254
	Newington	Southwark	9,694
	St. George's	Southwark	5,444

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
<b>Walthamstow BC</b>			<b>70,867</b>
	Chapel End	Waltham Forest	8,538
	High Street	Waltham Forest	9,145
	Higham Hill	Waltham Forest	9,058
	Hoe Street	Waltham Forest	8,770
	Lea Bridge	Waltham Forest	9,286
	Markhouse	Waltham Forest	8,729
	William Morris	Waltham Forest	8,706
	Wood Street	Waltham Forest	8,635
<b>West Ham and Beckton BC</b>			<b>70,590</b>
	Beckton	Newham	8,761
	Canning Town North	Newham	9,341
	Canning Town South	Newham	10,504
	Custom House	Newham	7,202
	Plaistow North	Newham	8,651
	Plaistow South	Newham	8,999
	Royal Docks	Newham	8,661
	West Ham	Newham	8,471
<b>West Hampstead and Kilburn BC</b>			<b>74,915</b>
	Brondesbury Park	Brent	8,502
	Harlesden & Kensal Green	Brent	11,528
	Kilburn	Brent	10,988
	Queens Park	Brent	11,396
	Fortune Green	Camden	6,272
	Frognal	Camden	4,057
	Kilburn	Camden	6,289
	South Hampstead	Camden	8,154
	West Hampstead	Camden	7,729
<b>Westminster and Chelsea East BC</b>			<b>75,344</b>
	Brompton & Hans Town	Kensington and Chelsea	4,586
	Royal Hospital	Kensington and Chelsea	5,545
	Bayswater	Westminster	6,765
	Hyde Park	Westminster	5,162
	Knightsbridge & Belgravia	Westminster	6,330
	Lancaster Gate	Westminster	5,741
	Marylebone	Westminster	7,131
	Pimlico North	Westminster	7,135
	Pimlico South	Westminster	7,076

Constituency	Ward	Local authority	Electorate
	St James's	Westminster	6,318
	Vincent Square	Westminster	7,042
	West End	Westminster	6,513
<b>Wimbledon BC</b>			<b>74,641</b>
	Old Malden	Kingston upon Thames	6,986
	St. James	Kingston upon Thames	6,347
	Abbey	Merton	6,872
	Hillside	Merton	5,753
	Merton Park	Merton	5,543
	Raynes Park	Merton	8,010
	Village	Merton	8,322
	Wandle	Merton	4,073
	West Barnes	Merton	7,009
	Wimbledon Park	Merton	7,170
	Wimbledon Town & Dundonald	Merton	8,556

# Glossary

Assessor	Statutorily appointed technical adviser to the BCE, being either the Registrar General for England and Wales or the Director General of Ordnance Survey.	Public hearing	Formal opportunity in a given area for people to make oral representations, chaired by an Assistant Commissioner. In each region of England there may be no fewer than two and no more than five hearings, and each may last a maximum of two days.
Assistant Commissioner	Independent person appointed at the request of the BCE to assist it with the discharge of its functions.	Representations	The views provided by an individual, group or organisation to the BCE on its initial or revised proposals (or on the representations of others), either for or against, including counter-proposals and petitions.
Borough constituency (abbreviated to BC)	Parliamentary constituency containing a predominantly urban area.	Review date	The 'effective date' at which electorate and local government boundary data is fixed so that we can then work with it on a stable basis. Defined by the 2020 Act for the 2023 Review as 2 March 2020 for the electorate numbers, and 1 December 2020 for local government boundaries.
County constituency (abbreviated to CC)	Parliamentary constituency containing more than a small rural element.	Revised proposals	The initial proposals as subsequently revised.
Designation	Classification as either a borough constituency or as a county constituency.	Rules	The statutory criteria for Parliamentary constituencies under Schedule 2 to the Parliamentary Constituencies Act 1986 (as amended by Acts up to and including the 2020 Act).
Electorate	The number of registered Parliamentary electors in a given area.	UK electoral quota	The average number of electors in a constituency, found by dividing the total electorate of the UK (less that of the five specific 'protected' constituencies) by 645.
(Statutory/ Permitted) Electorate range	The statutory rule that requires the electorate of every recommended constituency to be – for the 2023 Review – between 69,724 and 77,062.	Unitary authority	An area where there is only one tier of local council (above any parish or town council). Contrasted with those 'shire district' areas that have two tiers (i.e. both a non-metropolitan county council and a district/ borough/city council).
Final recommendations	The recommendations submitted in a formal final report to Parliament at the end of a review. They may – or may not – have been revised since the initial proposals in any given area.		
Initial proposals	First formal proposals published by the BCE during the review for public consultation.		
Periodical report	Report to Parliament following a general review of Parliamentary constituencies.		
Places of deposit	In each constituency the Commission will make available hard copies of its initial proposals (including report and maps). The places of deposit where the public may inspect the proposals are usually the offices of the relevant local authority, although other public places such as libraries may be used. The Commission will publish a full list of places of deposit on its website.		



